







Penetrant Testing (PT)



Fast and cost-efficient inspection of surface defects or porosity.

Suited for:

non-porous materials like plastic or metal

Typical use cases for this method:

Pipes and containers

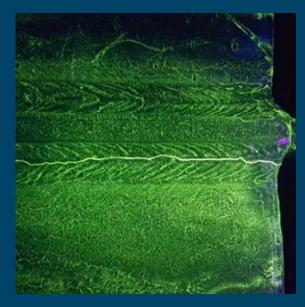
Welds (e.g. on ships and pipes)

Valves

Turbine parts



Magnetic Particle Testing (MT)



Inspection of surface and sub-surface discontinuities. Also suited for complex part geometries and unmachined surfaces.

Suited for:

ferromagnetic metals, cast parts

Typical use cases for this method:

Pipes and containers

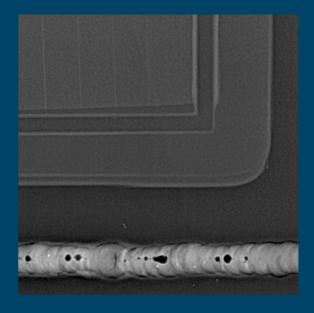
Welds (e.g. on ships and pipes)

Valves

Industrial plants



Radiography Testing (RT & RT-D)



Detection of defects within parts, for example on welds and composites.

Suited for:

metals, cast parts, additive manufactured parts, composites, ceramics

Typical use cases for this method:

Welds (e.g. on ships and pipes) Electronic components Industrial plants







Computed Tomography Testing (CT)



High-definition analysis of defects on and inside of parts with complex geometries.

Suited for:

metals, cast parts, additive manufactured parts, composites, ceramics

Typical use cases for this method:

Dimensional checks (CAD vs. real part)
Complex printed parts
Electronic components
Pore content analysis



Ultrasonic Testing (UT)



High-precision detection of defects deep within parts, even at small scale.

Suited for:

metals and alloys

Typical use cases for this method:

Welds (e.g. on ships and pipes)
Thickness measuring
Pressure vessels and pipes
Metallic tubes and rails



Eddy Current Testing (ET)



Surface inspection of delamination, thickness and conductivity.

Suited for:

conductive materials

Typical use cases for this method:

Incoming goods inspection (material recognition)

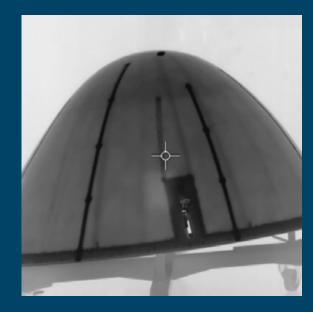
Metallic tubes and rails







Infrared Thermography Testing (TT)



Sub-surface delamination and cracks detection; detection of material discontinuities (thickness differences), localisation of repairs, repaints or hidden parts; localisation of water inclusions

Suited for:

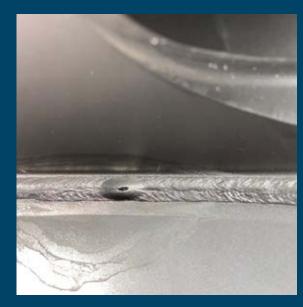
almost all materials (with certain restrictions)

Typical use cases for this method:

Thermal stress
Building services engineering
Water ingress



Visual Testing (VT)



Surface inspection for quick damage detection; with or without the assistance of optical devices.

Suited for:

all surfaces

Typical use cases for this method:

Countless applications, often in combination with other ISO 9712 methods

Products and Software for non-destructive Testing



Testia's products are dedicated to reduce inspection time and make defect detection easier.

This product portfolio makes 30 years of experience in aerospace also available to other industry sectors.

More info can be found on our webseite: www.testia.com/we-develop